

SAMXON BRAND ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS PRODUCT SPECIFICATION 規格書

CUSTOMER: (客戶):志盛翔 DATE: (日期):2017-10-23

CATEGORY (品名)	: ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS
DESCRIPTION (型号)	: KM 450V33μF(φ16x20)
VERSION (版本)	: 01
Customer P/N	:
SUPPLIER	:

SUPPL	IER	CUST	OMER
PREPARED (拟定)	CHECKED (审核)	APPROVAL (批准)	SIGNATURE (签名)
李婷	刘渭清		

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

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ablo	e 1 Product Dimen	sions an	d Cha	aracteristic	S					Un	it: mm	
	Safety vent for $\geq \Phi$ 6.3			$\frac{4}{2} \oplus d \pm 0.05$	5		− ↓ F±0.5		L≥20 : α= 0.5; ΦD≥2		1.0	
	$-\frac{L_{-1.0}^{+\alpha}}{4}$	<u>15 r</u>	min	4 min ◀		$\Phi D_{-0.5}^{+\beta}$		flat rubbe urface.	er, there is	s no bı	ılge fro	m the flat rub
0.	SAMXON Part No.		Cap. (μF)	4 min Cap. tolerance	Temp. range(°℃)	tan δ (120Hz, 20°C)	Leakage Current (µA,2min)		Din	nensior (mm) F		m the flat rub

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1. Application

This specification applies to polar Aluminum electrolytic capacitor (foil type) used in electronic equipment. Designed capacitor's quality meets IEC60384.

Part Number System 2. 4 5 6 7 89 101112 1314 123 1516 17 тс Ρ EGS 1 н D11 S 0 5 м 1 TOL SAMXON SLEEVE PRODUCT LINE MATERIAL SERIES CAPACITANCE VOLTAGE CASE SIZE TYPE Cap(MFD) Tolerance (%) Code Code Voltage (W.V.) Code Case Size Feature Code SAMXON Product Lin ries ESM EKF ESS EKS EGS EKM EKG EOM EZM EZS 0D (4) Co RR For internal use only 3 B .5 1 4 C Radial bulk 0.1 104 ± 5 J 2.5 0E (The product lines 4 0G we have H.A.B.C.D. Ammo Taping 0.22 224 6.3 OJ к E,M or 0,1,2,3,4,5,9) ±10 0K 8 0.33 334 2.0mm Pitch тт 10 1A 10 G 12.5 I 13.3 J 13.5 V 14.4 4 14.5 A 16.5 7 18.5 8 20 M 225 O 300 P 255 O 304 W 335 Q 40 R 422 4 ±15 L 12.5 1B 2.5mm Pitch τu 0.47 474 1C 16 EGI м 20 1D ±20 105 3.5mm Pitch тν Sleeve Material 1 Cod 듣증 25 EGK EGE EGD 1E тс PET Р 30 11 5.0mm Pitch 2.2 225 Ν ±30 32 13 Lead Cut & Form 35 ERS 3.3 335 1V -40 w ERF Z2 N 25 O 30 P 34 W 35 Q 40 R 42 4 45 6 51 S 3.5 T 76 U 80 8 90 X 00 Z 40 1G СВ-Туре СВ 42 4.7 475 1**M** -20 0 А ER 50 1H ERI СЕ-Туре CE 10 106 57 1L ERD -20 +10 С 63 1J HE HE-Type 45 51 33.5 76 80 90 100 22 226 71 **1**S ER. 75 1**T** 6 -20 +40 ERE × KD-Type ĸD 336 ERC EFA ENP 33 80 1K 85 1R -20 +50 FD-Type FD s 47 476 90 19 ENH 100 2A 4.5 5 455 5 065 4 54 7 07 7 77 7 77 2 T2 1 11 1 11 5 1A 2 12 5 1B 3 13 5 1C 0 20 5 25 5 2J 0 30 5 3A 5 3E -10 0 ЕН-Туре EΗ в 107 100 120 20 5.4 EAP EQP EDP 125 2B PCB Termial 227 -10 +20 220 v 150 2Z 160 2C 10 ETP EHP EUP EKP EEP sw -10 +30 330 337 Q 180 2P 11.5 200 2D Snap-in sx 12 2.5 13 3.5 477 470 12 -10 +50 215 22 т 13.L 20 2; EFF 220 2N sz 2200 228 23 -5 +10 230 EVP EGP EWR EWU EWT EWX EWF EWS EWH EWL EWB VSS Е 250 2E Lug SG 29.5 22000 229 -5 +15 275 2Т F 3 300 21 05 33000 339 -5 +20 310 2R 35 G 50 80 1L 1K 1M 1P 06 315 2F 47000 479 330 2U 0 +20 R Т5 350 2V 100000 10T Screw 360 2X 0 +30 0 т6 VNS VKS VKM VRL VRL 375 2Q 150000 15T 40 10 1R 1E 1S 1F 1T 1U 1V 0 +50 385 2Y I. D5 2G 400 220000 22T +5 +15 420 2M z D6 VZS 450 2W 330000 ззт +5 +20 D 500 2H 550 25 1000000 10M +10+50 Y 600 26 2J 1500000 15M 630 +10 +30 н 2200000 22M 3300000 33M 5

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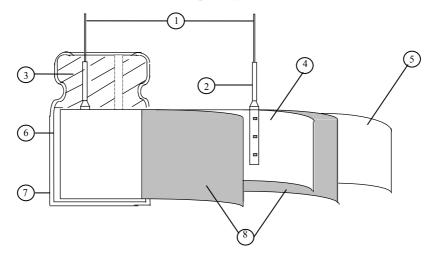
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3. Construction

Single ended type to be produced to fix the terminals to anode and cathode foil, and wind together with paper, and then wound element to be impregnated with electrolyte will be enclosed in an aluminum case. Finally sealed up tightly with end seal rubber, then finished by putting on the vinyl sleeve.



	Component	Material
1	Lead line	Tinned CP wire (Pb Free)
2	Terminal	Aluminum wire
3	Sealing Material	Rubber
4	Al-Foil (+)	Formed aluminum foil
5	Al-Foil (-)	Etched aluminum foil or formed aluminum foil
6	Case	Aluminum case
7	Sleeve	РЕТ
8	Separator	Electrolyte paper

4. Characteristics

Standard atmospheric conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements and tests are as follows:

Ambient temperature	:15°C to 35°C
Relative humidity	: 45% to 85%
Air Pressure	: 86kPa to 106kPa

If there is any doubt about the results, measurement shall be made within the following conditions:

Ambient temperature	$: 20^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$
Relative humidity	: 60% to 70%
Air Pressure	: 86kPa to 106kPa

Operating temperature range

The ambient temperature range at which the capacitor can be operated continuously at rated voltage See table 1 temperature range.

As to the detailed information, please refer to table 2.

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Table	ITEM				Р	ERFC	RMA	NCE	<u>l</u>					
Rated voltage (WV)		WV (V.DC) SV (V.DC)								50 63	63 100 79 125			
4.1	Surge voltage (SV)	WV (V.DC) SV (V.DC)	160 200	200 250	220 270	25 30		350 400	400 450	420 470	450 500	550 600		
4.2	Nominal capacitance (Tolerance)	<condition> Measuring F Measuring V Measuring T <criteria> Shall be with</criteria></condition>	requend oltage empera	iture :	Not $20\pm$		than 0							
4.3	Leakage current	Connecting t minutes, and <criteria></criteria>	Condition> Connecting the capacitor with a protective resistor $(1k \Omega \pm 10 \Omega)$ in series for 2 minutes, and then, measure Leakage Current. Criteria> Refer to Table 1											
4.4	tan δ	See 4.2, Norr	Condition> See 4.2, Norm Capacitance, for measuring frequency, voltage and temperature.											
4.5	Terminal strength		ength o capacito rength o upacitor 2~3 sec er of le <u>nm and</u> 5mm to a >	or, appli of Term , applie onds, a ad wire less 0.8mm	ed fo inals. d forc nd the	e to b en ber Tens	ent th at it fo (kgf) 5 (0.5 0 (1.0	e term or 90° rce N 1)	ninal (1 ' to its o	~4 mm original Bending (k 2.5 (5 ((from th position g force i agf) (0.25) 0.51)	e rubb n withi	er) for n 2~3	

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		<condition></condition>								1
					erature(°C)		Time			
		1	20±2				Time to reach thermal equilibri			
		2		-40(-25)				thermal		
		3		$20\pm$				thermal	<u> </u>	
		4					thermal	1		
		5		$20\pm$	2	Time	to reach	thermal	equilibri	um
		<criteria></criteria>								
		a. tan δ shall				4.4The le	eakage o	urrent m	easured s	shall not
	Temperature	more than 8 til		-			4 4 751			1 11 .
	characteristi	b. In step 5, t			hin the lim	it of Iter	n 4.4Th	e leakage	e current	shall not
4.6	cs	more than the	-		(π) ratio	hall not	avaaad t	ha valua	of the fo	llowing
		c. At-40°C (-2 table.	23 C), I	mpedance	e(z) ratio s	nan not	exceed	ne value	of the fo	nowing
		Working Volta	ge (V)	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63
		$Z-25^{\circ}C/Z+2$		5	4	3	23	2	2	2
		Z-23 C/Z+2 Z-40°C/Z+2		10	8	6	4	3	3	3
		Z-40 C/Z+2	00	10	0	0	4	5	5	5
		Working Voltag	ge (V)	100	160~220	250~3	350 4	00~420	450	550
		Z-25°C/Z+20		2	3	4		6	15	15
		Z-40°C/Z+20		3						
		For capacitance value > 1000 μ F, Add 0.5 per another 1000 μ F for Z-25/Z+20°C,								
		1	e value	> 1000 µ		-				
		-			Add 1.0	per ano	ther 100	0µF for		
		Capacitance, ta			Add 1.0	per ano	ther 100	0µF for		
		Capacitance, ta: <condition></condition>	nδ, an	d impeda	Add 1.0 nce shall b	per anor e measur	ther 100 red at 12	0μF for 0Hz.	Z-40°C/2	Z+20°C.
		Capacitance, ta <condition> According to I</condition>	n δ , an	d impedar	Add 1.0 nce shall b 13 method	per anote measur s, The ca	ther 100 red at 12 pacitor	0 μ F for 0Hz. is stored	Z-40°C/2	Z+20°C.
		Capacitance, ta <condition> According to I 105°C ±2 with</condition>	n ^δ , an EC6038 h DC bi	d impedar 34-4No.4.	Add 1.0 nce shall b 13 method e plus the r	s, The ca	ther 100 red at 12 pacitor le curre	0 μ F for 0Hz. is stored nt for Tal	Z-40°C/2 at a temp ble 1. (T	Z+20°C. erature o he sum o
		Capacitance, ta Condition> According to I 105°C ±2 witt DC and ripple	n δ , an EC6038 h DC b e peak	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage voltage sl	Add 1.0 nce shall b 13 method e plus the r hall not ex	per anote e measur s, The ca ated ripp acced the	ther 100 red at 12 apacitor le curres e rated	0 µ F for 0Hz. is stored nt for Tal working	Z-40°C/2 at a temp ble 1. (T voltage)	Z+20°C. erature o he sum o Then the
		Capacitance, tat <condition> According to I 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should</condition>	n δ , an EC6038 h DC b e peak l be test	d impedan 34-4No.4. ias voltage voltage sl ed after 10	Add 1.0 nce shall b 13 method e plus the r hall not ex 6 hours rec	per anote e measur s, The ca ated ripp acced the	ther 100 red at 12 apacitor le curres e rated	0 µ F for 0Hz. is stored nt for Tal working	Z-40°C/2 at a temp ble 1. (T voltage)	Z+20°C. erature o he sum o Then the
4.7	Load	Capacitance, tat <condition> According to I 105°C ±2 witt DC and ripple product should result should n</condition>	n δ , an EC6038 h DC b e peak l be test	d impedan 34-4No.4. ias voltage voltage sl ed after 10	Add 1.0 nce shall b 13 method e plus the r hall not ex 6 hours rec	per anote e measur s, The ca ated ripp acced the	ther 100 red at 12 apacitor le curres e rated	0 µ F for 0Hz. is stored nt for Tal working	Z-40°C/2 at a temp ble 1. (T voltage)	Z+20°C. erature o he sum o Then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tat <condition> According to I 105°C ±2 witt DC and ripple product should n <criteria></criteria></condition>	$n \delta$, an EC6033 h DC b e peak l be test neet the	d impedan 34-4No.4. ias voltage voltage si ed after 1 following	Add 1.0 nce shall b 13 method e plus the r hall not ex 6 hours rec g table:	s, The ca ated ripp ceed the overing	ther 100 red at 12 apacitor le current e rated time at a	0 µ F for 0Hz. is stored nt for Tal working	Z-40°C/2 at a temp ble 1. (T voltage)	Z+20°C. erature o he sum o Then the
4.7		Capacitance, tat <condition> According to I 105°C ±2 witt DC and ripple product should result should n</condition>	n δ , an EC6033 h DC b b peak l be test neet the	d impedat 34-4No.4. ias voltage voltage sl ed after 1 following ill meet th	Add 1.0 nce shall b 13 method e plus the r hall not ex 6 hours rec g table:	per ano e measur s, The ca ated ripp cceed the overing g require	ther 100 ed at 12 upacitor le curres e rated time at a ements.	0 µ F for 0Hz. is stored nt for Tal working tmosphe	Z-40°C/2 at a temp ble 1. (T voltage)	Z+20°C. erature o he sum o Then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tat <condition> According to I 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should n <criteria> The characteri Leakage</criteria></condition>	n δ , an EC6033 h DC b e peak l be test neet the astic sha e currer	d impedan 34-4No.4. ias voltage sl ed after 10 following ill meet th nt	Add 1.0 nce shall b 13 method e plus the r hall not ex 6 hours rec g table: e followin	per anor e measur s, The ca ated ripp cceed the overing g require 4.3 shall	ther 100 ed at 12 pacitor le curre time at a ments. be satis	0 µ F for 0Hz. is stored nt for Tal working tmosphe	Z-40°C/2 at a temp ble 1. (T voltage)	Z+20°C. erature o he sum o Then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tax <Condition> According to II $105^{\circ}C \pm 2$ with DC and rippled product should result should in <Criteria> The characterin Leakage Capacit	n δ , an EC6033 h DC b b peak l be test neet the stic sha e currer	d impedan 34-4No.4. ias voltage sl ed after 10 following ill meet th nt	Add 1.0 nce shall b 13 method e plus the r hall not ex 6 hours rec g table: e followin Value in Within ±	per anor e measur s, The ca ated ripp ceed the overing g require 4.3 shall 20% of	ther 100 red at 12 upacitor le current e rated time at a ments. be satis initial y	0 µ F for 0Hz. is stored nt for Tal working tmosphe fied ralue.	Z-40°C/2 at a temp ble 1. (T voltage) ric condi	Z+20°C. erature o he sum o Then the tions. The
4.7	life	Capacitance, tax <condition> According to I $105^{\circ}C \pm 2$ with DC and ripple product should result should n <criteria> The characterit Leakage Capacit tan δ</criteria></condition>	n δ , an EC6033 h DC b b peak l be test neet the estic sha e currer ance Cl	d impedan 34-4No.4. ias voltage sl ed after 10 following ill meet th nt	Add 1.0 nce shall b 13 method e plus the r hall not ex 6 hours rec g table: e followin Value in Within <u>±</u> Not more	per anor e measur s, The ca ated ripp acceed the overing g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200	ther 100 ed at 12 pacitor le currer time at a ments. be satis initial v 0% of th	0 µ F for 0Hz. is stored nt for Tal working tmosphe fied ralue. e specific	Z-40°C/2 at a temp ble 1. (T voltage) ric condi ed value.	Z+20°C. erature o he sum o Then the tions. The
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		<criteria></criteria>	
		The characteristic shall meet	the following requirements.
		Leakage current	Value in 4.3 shall be satisfied
1.0	Shelf	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of initial value.
4.8	life	tan δ	Not more than 200% of the specified value.
	test	Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
			stored more than 1 year, the leakage current may
			e through about 1 k Ω resistor, if necessary.
4.9	Surge test	The capacitor shall be submit followed discharge of 5 min The test temperature shall b C_R :Nominal Capacitance (1 <criteria></criteria> Leakage current Capacitance Change tan δ Appearance Attention:	e 15~35°C. µ F) Not more than the specified value. Within ± 15% of initial value. Not more than the specified value. There shall be no leakage of electrolyte. ge at abnormal situation only. It is not applicable to such
4.10	Vibration test	perpendicular directions. Vibration frequency ra Peak to peak amplitude Sweep rate Mounting method: The capacitor with diameter g in place with a bracket. 4mm or less ✓	2 : 1.5mm : 10Hz ~ 55Hz ~ 10Hz in about 1 minute greater than 12.5mm or longer than 25mm must be fixed Within 30° To be soldered

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ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

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	<u>г</u>					1	
		<condition></condition>	. 1 1 4	C 11	1.1.		
		The capacitor shall be tes	ted under the	-	conditions:		
		Soldering temperature		: 245±3°C			
	Solderability	Dipping depth		: 2mm	1		
4.11 Solderability test		Dipping speed		: 25±2.5mm	/s		
	iest	Dipping time		: 3±0.5s			
		<criteria></criteria>		A	- f(050)/ f(1) = confront holds		
		Coating quality		immersed	n of 95% of the surface be	ing	
				minierseu			
		<condition></condition>					
		Terminals of the capacito	r shall be i	mmersed into	solder bath at 260 ± 5 °C	$C for 10 \pm$	
		1 seconds or $400 \pm 10^{\circ}$ C for	$r3^{+1}_{-0}$ secon	ds to 1.5~2.0	mm from the body of capa	acitor .	
		Then the capacitor shall b	be left unde	r the normal t	emperature and normal hu	umidity	
	Resistance to	for 1~2 hours before mea			1	5	
4.12	solder heat	<c<u>riteria></c<u>				_	
	test	Leakage current	No	t more than tl	he specified value.		
		Capacitance Change	Wi	thin $\pm 10\%$ c	of initial value.		
		$\tan \delta$		t more than th	ne specified value.	-	
		Appearance	Th	ere shall be n	o leakage of electrolyte.		
		Appearance					
					4.7methods, capacitor sha	ll be	
		placed in an oven, the condition according as below: Temperature Time					
		(1)+20°C	Temperature				
			- (10°C) () ())	≤ 3 Minutes		
	Change of	(2)Rated low temper	· · ·		30 ± 2 Minutes		
4.13	temperature	(3)Rated high temper		5°C)	30 ± 2 Minutes		
	test	(1) to (3)=1 cycle, to	tal 5 cycle				
		<criteria></criteria>					
		The characteristic shall m					
		Leakage current			pecified value.		
		tan δ	Not m	ore than the s	pecified value.		
		Appearance	There	shall be no le	akage of electrolyte.		
		<condition></condition>					
		Humidity Test:					
		According to IEC60384-4	4No.4.12 m	ethods, capac	citor shall be exposed for a	500 ± 8	
		hours in an atmosphere of		H .at $40\pm2^\circ$	°C, the characteristic chan	ge shall	
		meet the following requirement.					
		< <u>Criteria></u>					
4.14	Damp heat	Leakage current		ot more than the specified value.			
-1.14	test	Capacitance Change		20% of initi			
		tan δ			f the specified value.		
		Appearance	There sha	ll be no leaka	age of electrolyte.		

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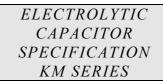
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	Vent	with vent. D.C. test The capacitor is current selected <table 3=""></table>	st only apply to those p connected with its pol from below table is ap	arity re plied.		-		
4.15	test	Diameter (n 22.4 or les Over 22.4	s 1					
			perate with no dangero acitor and/or case.	us cond	litions s	uch as t	flames o	r dispersion o
		at 120Hz and o Table-1 The combined	permissible ripple curr can be applied at maxin value of D.C voltage a and shall not reverse vo	num op and the	erating	tempera	ature	
	Maximum	Rated Voltage (V)	Coefficient Freq. (Hz) Cap.(µ F)	50	120	300	1k	10k~
4.16	permissible (ripple current)	6.3~100	$ \begin{array}{r} \sim 47 \\ \hline 68 \sim 470 \\ \geqslant 560 \end{array} $	0.75 0.80 0.85	1.00 1.00 1.00	1.35 1.23 1.10	1.57 1.34 1.13	2.00 1.50 1.15
		160~550	0.47~220 ≥270	0.80 0.90	1.00 1.00	1.25 1.10	1.40 1.13	1.60 1.15

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5. It refers to the latest document of "Environment-related Substances standard" (WI-HSPM-QA-072).

	Substances				
	Cadmium and cadmium compounds				
Heavy metals	Lead and lead compounds				
ficavy metals	Mercury and mercury compounds				
	Hexavalent chromium compounds				
	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)				
Chloinated	Polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCN)				
organic	Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT)				
compounds	Short-chain chlorinated paraffins(SCCP)				
	Other chlorinated organic compounds				
Durania stad	Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)				
Brominated	Polybrominated diphenylethers(PBDE) (including				
organic	decabromodiphenyl ether[DecaBDE])				
compounds	Other brominated organic compounds				
Tributyltin comp	oounds(TBT)				
Triphenyltin com	npounds(TPT)				
Asbestos					
Specific azo com	npounds				
Formaldehyde					
Beryllium oxide					
Beryllium copp	er				
Specific phthalat	es (DEHP,DBP,BBP,DINP,DIDP,DNOP,DNHP)				
Hydrofluorocarb	on (HFC), Perfluorocarbon (PFC)				
Perfluorooctane	sulfonates (PFOS)				
Specific Benzotr	iazole				

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Attachment: Application Guidelines

1.Circuit Design

- 1.1 Operating Temperature and Frequency Electrolytic capacitor electrical parameters are normally specified at 20°C temperature and 120Hz frequency. These parameters vary with changes in temperature and frequency. Circuit designers should take these changes into consideration.
- (1) Effects of operating temperature on electrical parameters
 a) At higher temperatures, leakage current and capacitance increase while equivalent series resistance (ESR) decreases.
 - b) At lower temperatures, leakage current and capacitance decrease while equivalent series resistance (ESR) increases.
- (2) Effects of frequency on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher frequencies capacitance and impedance decrease while tand increases.
 - b) At lower frequencies, ripple current generated heat will rise due to an increase in equivalent series resistance (ESR).
- 1.2 Operating Temperature and Life Expectancy See the file: Life calculation of aluminum electrolytic capacitor
- 1.3 Common Application Conditions to Avoid

The following misapplication load conditions will cause rapid deterioration to capacitor electrical parameters. In addition, rapid heating and gas generation within the capacitor can occur causing the pressure relief vent to operate and resultant leakage of electrolyte. Under Leaking electrolyte is combustible and electrically conductive.

(1) Reverse Voltage

DC capacitors have polarity. Verify correct polarity before insertion. For circuits with changing or uncertain polarity, use DC bipolar capacitors. DC bipolar capacitors are not suitable for use in AC circuits.

(2) Charge / Discharge Applications

Standard capacitors are not suitable for use in repeating charge / discharge applications. For charge / discharge applications consult us and advise actual conditions.

(3) Over voltage

Do not apply voltages exceeding the maximum specified rated voltage. Voltages up to the surge voltage rating are acceptable for short periods of time. Ensure that the sum of the DC voltage and the superimposed AC ripple voltage does not exceed the rated voltage.

(4) Ripple Current

Do not apply ripple currents exceeding the maximum specified value. For high ripple current applications, use a capacitor designed for high ripple currents or contact us with your requirements. Ensure that allowable ripple currents superimposed on low DC bias voltages do not cause reverse voltage conditions.

- 1.4 Using Two or More Capacitors in Series or Parallel
- (1) Capacitors Connected in Parallel

The circuit resistance can closely approximate the series resistance of the capacitor causing an imbalance of ripple current loads within the capacitors. Careful design of wiring methods can minimize the possibility of excessive ripple currents applied to a capacitor.

(2) Capacitors Connected in Series

Normal DC leakage current differences among capacitors can cause voltage imbalances. The use of voltage divider shunt resistors with consideration to leakage current can prevent capacitor voltage imbalances.

- 1.5 Capacitor Mounting Considerations
- (1) Double Sided Circuit Boards

Avoid wiring pattern runs, which pass between the mounted capacitor and the circuit board.

When dipping into a solder bath, excess solder may collect under the capacitor by capillary action and short circuit the anode and cathode terminals.

(2)Circuit Board Hole Positioning

The vinyl sleeve of the capacitor can be damaged if solder passes through a lead hole for subsequently processed parts. Special care when locating hole positions in proximity to capacitors is recommended.

(3)Circuit Board Hole Spacing

The circuit board holes spacing should match the capacitor lead wire spacing within the specified tolerances. Incorrect spacing can cause excessive lead wire stress during the insertion process. This may result in premature capacitor failure due to short or open circuit, increased leakage current, or electrolyte leakage.

(4) Clearance for Case Mounted Pressure Relief vents

Capacitors with case mounted pressure relief vents require sufficient clearance to allow for proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as follows.

 $\phi 6.3 \text{-} \phi 16 \text{mm:} 2 \text{mm minimum, } \phi 18 \text{-} \phi 35 \text{mm:} 3 \text{mm minimum, } \phi 40 \text{mm or greater:} 5 \text{mm minimum.}$

- (5) Clearance for Seal Mounted Pressure Relief Vents
- A hole in the circuit board directly under the seal vent location is required to allow proper release of pressure.

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(6)	Wiring Near the Pressure Relief Vent Avoid locating high voltage or high current wiring or circuit board paths above the pressure relief vent. Flammable, high temperature gas exceeding 100°C may be released which could dissolve the wire insulation and ignite.
(7)	Circuit Board patterns Under the Capacitor
(8)	Avoid circuit board runs under the capacitor as electrolyte leakage could cause an electrical short. Screw Terminal Capacitor Mounting
(0)	Do not orient the capacitor with the screw terminal side of the capacitor facing downwards. Tighten the terminal and mounting bracket screws within the torque range specified in the specification.
	Electrical Isolation of the Capacitor Completely isolate the capacitor as follows.
	Between the cathode and the case (except for axially leaded B types) and between the anode terminal and other circuit paths Between the extra mounting terminals (on T types) and the anode terminal, cathode terminal, and other circuit paths.
1.7	The Product endurance should take the sample as the standard.
1.8	If conduct the load or shelf life test, must be collect date code within 6 months products of sampling.
1.9	Capacitor Sleeve The vinyl sleeve or laminate coating is intended for marking and identification purposes and is not meant to electrically insulate the
	capacitor. The sleeve may split or crack if immersed into solvents such as toluene or xylene, and then exposed to high temperatures.
	CAUTION! Always consider safety when designing equipment and circuits. Plan for worst case failure modes such as short circuits and open
	circuits which could occur during use.
	(1) Provide protection circuits and protection devices to allow safe failure modes.(2) Design redundant or secondary circuits where possible to assure continued operation in case of main circuit failure.
	apacitor Handling Techniques
	Considerations Before Using
	Capacitors have a finite life. Do not reuse or recycle capacitors from used equipment. Transient recovery voltage may be generated in the capacitor due to dielectric absorption. If required, this voltage can be discharged
	with a resistor with a value of about $1k\Omega$.
(3)	Capacitors stored for long periods of time may exhibit an increase in leakage current. This can be corrected by gradually applying rated voltage in series with a resistor of approximately $1k\Omega$.
(4)	If capacitors are dropped, they can be damaged mechanically or electrically. Avoid using dropped capacitors.
(5)	Dented or crushed capacitors should not be used. The seal integrity can be compromised and loss of electrolyte / shortened life can
	result.
	Capacitor Insertion
	Verify the correct capacitance and rated voltage of the capacitor. Verify the correct polarity of the capacitor before inserting.
(3)	Verify the correct hole spacing before insertion (land pattern size on chip type) to avoid stress on the terminals.
	Ensure that the auto insertion equipment lead clinching operation does not stress the capacitor leads where they enter the seal of the
	capacitor. For chip type capacitors, excessive mounting pressure can cause high leakage current, short circuit, or disconnection.
23	Manual Soldering
(1)	Observe temperature and time soldering specifications or do not exceed temperatures of 400 °C for 3 seconds or less.
(3) I	If lead wires must be formed to meet terminal board hole spacing, avoid stress on the lead wire where it enters the capacitor seal. If a soldered capacitor must be removed and reinserted, avoid excessive stress to the capacitor leads. Avoid touching the tip of the soldering iron to the capacitor, to prevent melting of the vinyl sleeve.
	Flow Soldering
	Do not immerse the capacitor body into the solder bath as excessive internal pressure could result.
	Observe proper soldering conditions (temperature, time, etc.) Do not exceed the specified limits. Do not allow other parts or components to touch the capacitor during soldering.
2.5	Other Soldering Considerations

Rapid temperature rises during the preheat operation and resin bonding operation can cause cracking of the capacitor vinyl sleeve. For heat curing, do not exceed 150° C for a maximum time of 2 minutes.

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- 2.6 Capacitor Handling after Solder
- (1). Avoid movement of the capacitor after soldering to prevent excessive stress on the lead wires where they enter the seal.
- (2). Do not use capacitor as a handle when moving the circuit board assembly.
- (3). Avoid striking the capacitor after assembly to prevent failure due to excessive shock.
- 2.7 Circuit Board Cleaning
- (1) Circuit boards can be immersed or ultrasonically cleaned using suitable cleaning solvents for up 5 minutes and up to 60°C maximum temperatures. The boards should be thoroughly rinsed and dried. The use of ozone depleting cleaning agents is not recommended in the interest of protecting the environment.
- (2) Avoid using the following solvent groups unless specifically allowed for in the specification;

Halogenated cleaning solvents: except for solvent resistant capacitor types, halogenated solvents can permeate the seal and cause internal capacitor corrosion and failure. For solvent resistant capacitors, carefully follow the temperature and time requirements of the specification. 1-1-1 trichloroethane should never be used on any aluminum electrolytic capacitor.

- Alkali solvents : could attack and dissolve the aluminum case.
- Petroleum based solvents: deterioration of the rubber seal could result.
- Xylene : deterioration of the rubber seal could result.
- Acetone : removal of the ink markings on the vinyl sleeve could result.
- (3) A thorough drying after cleaning is required to remove residual cleaning solvents which may be trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board. Avoid drying temperatures, which exceed the maximum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (4) Monitor the contamination levels of the cleaning solvents during use by electrical conductivity, pH, specific gravity, or water content. Chlorine levels can rise with contamination and adversely affect the performance of the capacitor. Please consult us for additional information about acceptable cleaning solvents or cleaning methods.

2.8 Mounting Adhesives and Coating Agents

When using mounting adhesives or coating agents to control humidity, avoid using materials containing halogenated solvents. Also, avoid the use of chloroprene based polymers. After applying adhesives or coatings, dry thoroughly to prevent residual solvents from being trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board.

3. Precautions for using capacitors

3.1 Environmental Conditions

- Capacitors should not be stored or used in the following environments.
- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

3.2 Electrical Precautions

- (1) Avoid touching the terminals of the capacitor as possible electric shock could result. The exposed aluminum case is not insulated and could also cause electric shock if touched.
- (2) Avoid short circuit the area between the capacitor terminals with conductive materials including liquids such as acids or alkaline solutions.

4. Emergency Procedures

- (1) If the pressure relief vent of the capacitor operates, immediately turn off the equipment and disconnect form the power source. This will minimize additional damage caused by the vaporizing electrolyte.
- (2) Avoid contact with the escaping electrolyte gas which can exceed 100° C temperatures.
- If electrolyte or gas enters the eye, immediately flush the eyes with large amounts of water.
 - If electrolyte or gas is ingested by month, gargle with water.
 - If electrolyte contacts the skin, wash with soap and water.

5. Long Term Storage

Leakage current of a capacitor increases with long storage times. The aluminum oxide film deteriorates as a function of temperature and time. If used without reconditioning, an abnormally high current will be required to restore the oxide film. This current surge could cause the circuit or the capacitor to fail. After one year, a capacitor should be reconditioned by applying rated voltage in series with a 1000 Ω , current limiting resistor for a time period of 30 minutes. If the expired date of products date code is over eighteen months, the products should be return to confirmation.

5.1 Environmental Conditions



The capacitor shall be not use in the following condition:

(1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.

(2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.

(3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.

(4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, chlorine, or ammonia.

(5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.

(6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

6. Capacitor Disposal

When disposing of capacitors, use one of the following methods.

Incinerate after crushing the capacitor or puncturing the can wall (to prevent explosion due to internal pressure rise).

Capacitors should be incinerated at high temperatures to prevent the release of toxic gases such as chlorine from the polyvinyl chloride sleeve, etc.

Dispose of as solid waste.

NOTE: Local laws may have specific disposal requirements, which must be followed.

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